May I Google (Scholar) That For

Utilizing Open Access Sources in the ILL Workflow

Kelly Fisher, Public & Access Services Librarian & Associate Professor Eureka College

Goals of Presentation

- Inform on what Open Access is and the considerations that need to be made to use it ethically
- Bring an awareness of the potential of utilizing Open Access sources to serve library patrons
- $\bullet \quad \text{Demonstrate the new article request workflow and analyze its impact on our} \\$
- Advise on how others may recreate the workflow in their own institutions

About Me



- MSLIS degree from UIUC's GSLIS program
- Graduate Assistant at the Library of the Health Sciences at the UIC College of Medicine in Peoria, IL
- Nearly 15 years experience as Public Services Librarian at Eureka College

I oversee the following departments: Instruction/Information Literacy Reference Interlibrary Loan



I am also responsible for:

Circulation

Print Serials & Electronic Resources Maintenance Donation Collection Development & Annual Book Sale Organization

About Eureka College

- Small private Liberal Arts College associated with Disciples of Christ Church
- Founded in 1855 and was the first College in the state and third in the nation to admit men & women on an equal basis
- Alma Mater of Ronald W. Reagan ('32)



Melick Library

- Staffing
 - o 1 professional librarian
 - 3 support staff
 - o 16 student workers
- Current Patron Base
 - 570 Students 41 FT Faculty
 - 22 Adjunct 68 FT Staff

 - Numerous regular community patrons





Problematic Impetus for Project

- Library collection management of serials has changed since the turn of the 21st century.
 - a. Fewer current print journal subscriptions
 - b. Fewer historical print holdings (weeded due to online coverage, especially duplicated JSTOR titles)
 - c. Embargoes within database packages (typically 6-18 mos in length)

 - d. Rise of e-journals and increase of licensing restrictions
 e. Deflection/unfilling of e-journal article requests by many libraries in WorldShare
- This has resulted in an increased difficulty in obtaining current journal articles over the past 10+ years.

Workflow Origin

- Article request citations had been checked periodically on the Internet prior to the project's start, but not methodically. (Mostly for difficult requests, unfills in WorldShare, or magazine/newspaper articles that might be published online.)
- Marked increase in articles available noticed, particularly due to expansion of Open Access publishing, scholarly social networking sites, and institutional repositories.
- In an effort to decrease patron wait time and increase customer service, a new workflow utilizing Open Access sources was enacted in August of 2015.

Earlham College's Peter Suber defines open access (OA) literature as:

"digital, online, free of charge, and free of most copyright and licensing restrictions."

¹Suber, P. (2012). Open access. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.

Types of Open Access

- 1. Gold Open Access Articles in fully accessible open access journals.
- Green Open Access Self-archiving, generally of the pre- or post-print unofficial version of a published article, often used in repositories.
- Hybrid or Paid Open Access Subscription journals with open access to individual articles usually when a fee is paid to the publisher or journal by the author, the author's organization, or the research funder.

Burtle, L. (2016, April 26). Types of Open Access. Retrieved from http://research.library.gsu.edu/c.php?q=115588&p=754380

_				
_				
_				
_				
_				
_				
_				
_				
_				
_				
_				
_				

Project Workflow 1. A request for an article (or book chapter, entire book, etc.) is received in our ILL email account via Ebscohost's "Request Article" fc @ Request Article or direct email to ILL dept. or Public Services Librarian. 2. The article's title is copied and first searched in Google Scholar, then ResearchGate, and finally Google. 3. If an article is found in and acceptable format and verified as ethical to use, it is either downloaded as a pdf or its link is emailed to the patron. Data from the article is then entered in a Google Sheet titled "Article Requests Filled Outside 4. If the article is not found, a WorldShare request is placed on behalf of the patron. **Internet Tools Overview** 1. Google Scholar 2. ResearchGate 3. Google **Google Scholar** Search Scope:

"Google Scholar includes journal and conference papers, theses and dissertations, academic books, pre-prints, abstracts, technical reports and other scholarly literature from all broad areas of research. You'll find works from a wide variety of cademic publishers, professional societies and university repositories, as well as scholarly articles available anywhere across the web. Google Scholar also includes court opinions and patents." - Google Scholar <u>Content Coverage</u> page

Best For: Scholarly articles

- Does pull up some ResearchGate & JSTOR content
- Makes it easy to identify potential full text with links on a column to the right of the result.
- Can save and apply keywords to results with a Google login



ResearchGate

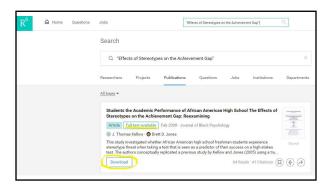
Berlin-based scholarly social networking site and repository launched in 2008 and "built by scientists, for scientists." Its mission is to "connect the world of science and make research open to all." - https://www.researchgate.net/about

Search Scope:

Open Access, repository, & author submitted articles from scholars around the world. 100 million+ publications & 15 million members from 193 countries.

Doot for

Academic Articles in Sciences and Social Sciences (as was geared toward Sciences originally).



Google

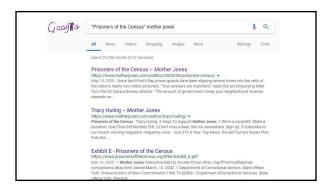
Search Scope:

Searches 130 Trillion+ pages of information on the open web.

Does not always reproduce Google Scholar search results.

Best for:

- Magazine/Newsletter/Newspaper articles
- Books suspected of being Open Access/Public Domain
- Foreign language articles



Method of Data Collection

- Google Sheets was used to collect the data which was housed on the Public Services Librarian's Google Drive, but shared with ILL department's Google Drive.
- Items on sheet called pre-fills for stats purposes since they pre-empted the ILL process.
- Public Services Librarian worked on project exclusively the first 3 semesters (Fall 2015, Spring/Summer 2016, Fall 2016) and then trained a student worker to assist for Spring 2017-Spring 2018 once the final process was established and a marked increase in pre-fills noted.



Google Sheets Organization

Columns for:

- Date Retrieved
 Source Title
 Source Subject
 Source Subject
 Source Sobcipline
 Publication Type (if not a journal article)
 Source Found (SS, RG, Google, JSTOR)
 Format Found (pdf, html, print)
 Source URL
 Year of Publication
 Supplied by (author, publisher, depository, etc.) etc.)

 Requestor Status (student/faculty)

 Open Access Status (OAJ, OAA)

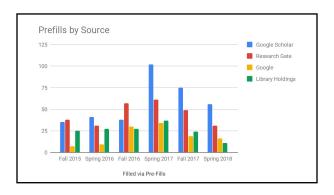
Tabs:

- One tab per semester per year
 Spring/Summer (Jan.-July)
 Fall (Aug.-Dec.)
 A comprehensive data tab
 A statistics tab
 Notes/Comments tab

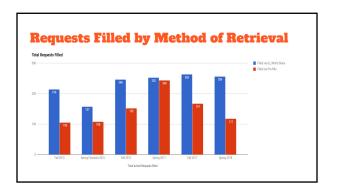
Date	Source Title	Subject	Discipline	Publication Type	Source Found: Google Scholar, Google, ResearchGate	Format found: Pub, Proof	URL	Year of Publication	Supplied by	Requestor Status	Open Access?
11/16/2015	Youth & Society	Sociology	\$58		GS	pdf	http://www.convi-	2001	Author	student	
11/16/2015	Computers in Human Behavio	Psychology	SSB		GS	pdf	http://www.loogo	2014	?	student	
	Journal of College Student Dr	Education	EDU		Periodical Stack	Print	In library print ho			student	
11/18/2015	Demography	Sociology	SSB		GS	pdf	http://www.ncbi.n	2009	NIH Repository	student	OAA
11/19/2015	International Journal of Eating	Medical Science	SCI		RG	pdf	https://www.rese	2014	Author	student	
11/23/2015	New York Times	General News	SSB	Newspaper	Lexis-Nexis	hamil	Library Database		Database	student	
11/23/2015	Art & Antiques Magazine	Art	FPA	Magazine	Google	hami	http://www.ortan	2014	publisher	student	OAJ
11/30/2015	Medical Education	Medical Science	SCI		RG	pdf	https://www.rese	2015	Author	student	
11/30/2015	Journal of Experimental Psycl		\$\$8		GS	pdf	http://www.newe	2005	publisher	student	OAJ
11/30/2015	Journal or Negro Education	Education	EDU		JSTOR	pdf	Library Database		Database	student	
1/30/2015	BMJ	Medical Science	SCI		WorldShare	pdf	http://www.ncbi.n	1988	NIH Repository	student	OAA
1/30/2015	Elementary classroom manag	Education	EDU	Book	Melick Catalog	book	Library Catalog		library	student	
12/2/2015	American Journal of Epidemic	Medical Science	SCI		WorldShare	pdf	http://aje.codorda	2012	publisher	student	
12/2/2015	Journal of Media Ethics	Communication	SSB		RG	pdf	https://www.rese	2015	Author	student	
12/3/2015	Shakespeare Survey	Literature	HUM	Book	Melick Catalog	book	Library Catalog		library	student	
12/4/2015	New York Times	Newspaper	HUM		Lexis-Nexis	hàmi	Library Database		Ibrary	student	
12/7/2015	MHRA Working Papers in the	Literature	HUM		WorldShare	pdf	http://www.mhra.		Institutional Repositor	student	
12/9/2015	Four Revenge Tragedies	Literature	HUM		Google	pdf	https://books.go:	2008	Google	student	
12/11/2015	Fin de siecle?: postgraduates	History	HUM		Google	pdf	http://core.ac.uk/	1998	Institutional Repositor	student	OAA
2/20/2015	Bioessays	Bioscience	SCI		GS	hamil	http://coline/ibrar	2015	Author	faculty	
	Canadian Journal of Forest R		SCI		RG	pdf	https://www.rese	2015	Author	Faculty	
2/8/2016	Clara Schumann, ein Künstle	Music	FPA	Book	Melick Catalog	pdf	http://catalog.hat	1906	Melick Catalog	Faculty	OAJ
2/22/2016	International Journal of Speci	Education	EDU		GS	pdf	http://files.eric.ec	2011	ERIC database	Faculty	

Total Pre-Fills By Source

	Filled via Pre-Fills	Google Scholar	Research Gate	Google	Library Holdings
Fall 2015	105	35 (33%)	38 (37%)	7 (7%)	25 (24%)
Spring/Sum '16	108	41 (38%)	31 (29%)	9 (8%)	27 (25%)
Fall 2016	152	38 (25%)	57 (38%)	30 (20%)	27 (18%)
Spring/Sum '17	234	102 (44%)	61 (26%)	34 (14%)	37 (16%)
Fall 2017	167	75 (45%)	49 (29%)	19 (11%)	24 (14%)
Spring/Sum '18	117	56 (48%)	31 (27%)	16 (14%)	13 (11%)
Total	883	347 (39%)	267 (30%)	115 (13%)	153 (17%)



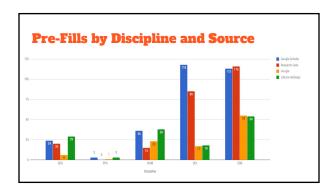
	Total article Requests	Filled via ILL/World Share	Filled via Pre-Fills	Google Scholar	Research Gate	Google	Library Holdings
	filled	0.10.0					
Fall '15	319	214 (67%)	105 (33%)	35 (11%)	38 (12%)	7 (2%)	25 (8%)
Spring '16	265	157 (59%)	108 (41%)	41 (15%)	31 (12%)	9 (3%)	27 (10%)
Fall '16	398	246 (62%)	152 (38%)	38 (10%)	57 (14%)	30 (8%)	27 (7%)
Spring '17	486	252 (51%)	234 (49%)	102 (21%)	61 (12%)	34 (7%)	37 (7%)
Fall '17	430	263 (61%)	167 (39%)	75 (17%)	49 (11%)	19 (11%)	24 (6%)
Spring '18	373	256 (69%)	117 (31%)	56 (15%)	31 (8%)	16 (4%)	13 (3%)
All Years	2,271	1,388 (61%)	883 (39%)	347 (15%)	267 (12%)	115 (5%)	153 (7%)



Historical Articles Filled Data

	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12
Articles borrowed via ILL	519	487	371	484	557	598	420
Pre-filled articles	284	394	236	-	-	-	-
Total articles filled	803	881*	607	484	557	598	420
Difference	-9%	+31%	+20%	-13%	-7%	+30%	-

^{*}Highest # of articles filled in 15+ years.



Open Access Analysis

696 true OA articles were found (30.5% of 2,279

382 (55%) could be confirmed as Gold or Hybrid Open Access sources:

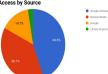
- 124 (32%) were from Gold Open Access
- Journals (entire title OA)
- 258 (68%) were Hybrid Open Access Articles (entire title not OA)

314 (45%) were Green OA (non-publisher supplied - found in institutional repositories and ResearchGate)

Open Access by Source

- Google Scholar 311
 ResearchGate 265
 Google 102
 Library Sources 18

Open Access by Source



_				
_				
_				

Positive Patron Response

- WOW! You are very fast! Faculty Member (3 minute turnaround)
- Awesome, thanks! My reference skills are obviously rusty. Staff member (and former public library reference specialist)
 Yes! Thank you! I was crossing my fingers that one or two of them would come tonight...!
- non-traditional student (3 hour turnaround)
- Okay, great! Thank you for getting those to me
- so quickly! student (2 hour turnaround) Wow--awesome! Thank you so much for the short notice finds! - student (needed same day)
- Thank you so much...you are the best! student
- Thank you!! student
- Thank you!!! student
- Thank you!!!! :) student



Will this work for your library?

Potential Benefits

- Helps avoid unnecessary ILL traffic saving time and resources of both borrower & lender.
 Cost savings:
- Reduced copyright clearance fees
 Avoid paying lending fees from non-consortial libraries
- Faster delivery time and increased patron
- Faster delivery time and increased patron satisfaction. Increased awareness about Open Access resources and their availability. Potential for education in information literacy and scholarly communication

Potential Concerns

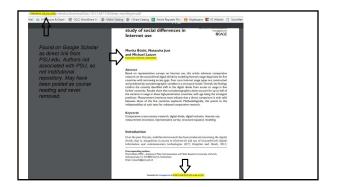
- May not be feasible to follow workflow for every request in a larger/busier department or during prime article request times, as it takes 3-5 minutes per successful request to search, send to patron, and fill in spreadsheet
- ILLIAD users and those with automated processes may have difficulty re-creating the workflow.

Considerations

- Articles found may not be final published versions.
 - Not all patrons will want to use author's original pre-print manuscripts or post peer-review
 - versions, but may if in a time crunch.
 - NIH Repository, for example, tends to carry many pre/post print versions of government funded health research papers.
- . Need to be sure the source found is one that is ethical and legal to use before passing it
 - Check root of url if accessed out of context (like as a GS link) to explore site's purpose.

 If .edu, could be a teacher resource page for a course (like a Wordpress site), not an institutional
 - repository.

 Check to see if author is affiliated with the institution or the journal is published by the
 - institution that houses the document.



ResearchGate Misuse Potential

- If posted to ResearchGate, an author authorized its sharing. We may assume they have publisher's permission to share with others or are their own copyright holder, but can't be 100% positive. Can use: http://sherpa.ac.uk/romeo/index.php and www.howcanishareit.com as guides.
- www.howcanisharel.com as guides.
 In one 2011 study, 201 non-QA articles out of 500 randomly sampled English language articles in ResearchGate were found to be non-compliant with their journal publisher's policy and therefore infringed on copyright.
 In 200 publisher is policy and therefore infringed on copyright.
 In 200 publisher is policy and therefore infringed on copyright.
 In 200 publisher is policy and on the second control of the composition of the composition

1.Janual, H. (2017). Copyright compliance and infringement in ResearchGate full-test journal articles. Scientimentois, 178(), 241-54. DOI 10.007/s1192-071-2291-4 2. Schemmier, O. (2015). Science publishers by rare tack to combat unauthorized paper sharing. Nature. 5497/6591345-64. DOI: 10.1038/453456.

Your article is protected by copyright and all rights are held exclusively by European Academy of Paediatric Dentits. This exoffprint is for personal use only and shall not be self-archived in electronic repositories. If you wish to self-archive your article, please use the accepted manuscript version for posting on your own website. You may posting on your own website. You may further deposit the accepted manuscript version in any repository, provided it is only made publicly available 12 months after official publication or later and provided acknowledgement is given to the original source of publication and a link is inserted to the published article on Springer's website. The link must be accompanied by the following lext: "The final publication is available at link-springer.com".



Further Consideration • How to categorize for statistics? Count as a pre-filled request and add it as a separate category to ILL borrowing requests reports ■ Total ILL Articles Borrowed becomes Total Requests Filled o Treat as filled by library (& Internet) holdings in statistics OR Don't track in ILL at all, as not technically borrowed from another library o Count as a Reference transaction, especially if the patron is educated as to how the article was If ILLIAD is used, can set up special cancellation message to denote reason, like "Filled by OA" or "Available Freely Online" and run report for that new category. **Related Project Resource** Open Access and Interlibrary Loan CARLI Resource Sharing Committee pursued topic of Open Access and ILL connection for their 2015-16 annual project: https://www.carli.illinois.edu/products-service s/i-share/circ/OpenAccessILL

Questions?

Contact Information:

Kelly A. Fisher, MSLIS Public & Access Services Librarian/Associate Professor Eureka College

kfisher@eureka.edu

309-467-6892